27:501-511. 1942)—Ralph E. Brooks, University of Kansas Herbarium, 2045 Constant Avenue, Campus West, Lawrence, KS 60644, U.S.A.

SCIRPUS CERNUUS VAHL VAR. CALIFORNICUS (TORR.) BEETLE (CYPERACEAE) NEW TO TEXAS.—Scirpus cernuus var. californicus (S. riparius (R. Br.) Spreng.) is a tufted annual with nearly filiform culms 4–20 cm tall. The North American variety has been previously reported in wet places near the coast from British Columbia south to Mexico (Beetle, 1944). Mason (1957) reported it from California from the coastal marshes and tidal flats inland to Riverside and San Bernardino counties. Correll and Johnston (1970), Correll and Correll (1975), and Gould (1975) did not report it from Texas. Scirpus cernuus var. californicus is similar to S. koilolepis (Steud.) Gl. and S. molestus M. C. Johnston, but can be distinguished on the basis of achene size and basal sheath color. Achenes of S. cernuus var. californicus are 0.7–0.9 mm long while those of S. koilolepis and S. molestus are 0.8–1.5 mm long. The basal sheaths of S. cernuus var. californicus are reddish to purplish, while those of S. koilolepis and S. molestus are grayishgreen to brownish-stramineous, never reddish or purplish.

Five specimens of *S. cernuus* var. *californicus* have been collected from the south central coastal plains.

The collection data are: Brazoria Co.: sandy beach about 9 mi E of Surfside, 25 Mar 1976, Taylor 21094 (DUR, NLU). Harris Co.: NW shore of Galveston Bay near Barber's Cut Terminal at Morgan's Point, 16 May 1979, Brown 4407 (SBSC), 28 Mar 1984, Brown 6978 (SBSC, TEX), 28 Apr 1984, Brown 7225 (SMU, TAES); vacant lot in Rio Villa subdivision near intersection of Wallisville Rd. and San Jacinto River, 4 Apr 1984, Brown 7051 (SMU).

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TWO ADVENTIVE SPECIES OF GRASSES, APERA INTERRUPTA AND DESCHAMPSIA DANTHONIOIDES (POACEAE), NEW TO THE OHIO FLORA—On 11 June 1980, two grasses, Apera interrupta (L.)

SIDA 10(4): 322. 1984.